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Онiнко С.,

здобувач ступеня вищої освіти

бакалавра Донецького державного

університету внутрішніх справ

*Консультант з мови: **Мамонова О.***

PECULIARITIES OF POLICE WORK IN UKRAINE

Effective work of police units today is more important than ever. Currently, every employee in hot spots is putting himself at risk, saving human life.

Since the full-scale invasion, the normal mode of operation of the police has changed a lot, and the level of trust of citizens has increased. In such a difficult time for Ukraine, the armed aggression of russia has changed not only the lives of many people, but also laws and the activities of executive authorities, including the police. The activities of state authorities and local self-governments in the conditions of the introduction of martial law are reduced to assisting the governing bodies created in the designated territory for directly solving the tasks of state defense. Internal affairs bodies in the system of state bodies working in this situation occupy a special place due to the content of tasks in the considered conditions of activity. Direct provision of internal security depends decisively on the effectiveness of their work [2, p. 1]. Now police officers have done the following to ensure public safety and order:

1) increased patrolling of the streets in order to detect and prevent offenses in a timely manner;

2) increased patrolling at checkpoints;

3) regulate road traffic when lights are turned off and when traffic lights are not working;

4) if necessary, assist in evacuating the population from danger.

The legislation has also changed and some articles of the Law of Ukraine "On the National Police of Ukraine" have also undergone changes.

For example, according to Article 46, police officers can now use firearms to forcibly stop the flight of an unmanned aircraft, if there are reasonable grounds to believe that such an aircraft is being used to commit an offense or poses a threat to the life or health of people and/or a police officer, by damaging or destruction of an unmanned aircraft and/or components of an unmanned aircraft system.

Section 5 of this Law has also undergone changes. The police were given the opportunity to check documents and record the data contained in the documents, if the person has external signs similar to the external signs of a person who voluntarily left a place for keeping prisoners of war (clause 1, part 1, article 32). A police officer has the right to stop vehicles if there is information that indicates that the driver or passenger of the vehicle is a person who voluntarily left a place for keeping prisoners of war. According to the new wording of Art. 40 the police will be able to use such technical means as unmanned aerial vehicles and special technical means of countering their use in their activities; specialized software for analytical processing of photo and video information, including identification of persons and vehicle license plates [1].

All in all, in the conditions of martial law, the tasks of the police have expanded significantly. But at the same time, the ability to maintain order in our state, to help people who need it, to prevent crimes is strengthened.

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