

strengthened and become friendlier. [5] Ukraine has been able to make strong progress in all areas of development and will not stop there.

#### **Список використаних джерел:**

1. Policing and Border Security and Management Overview / [Електронний ресурс]. – Режим доступу: <https://polis.osce.org/country-profiles/ukraine>
2. Functions and missions / [Електронний ресурс]. – Режим доступу: <https://www.osce.org/files/f/documents/f/7/423401.pdf>
3. Training center / [Електронний ресурс]. – Режим доступу: <https://rm.coe.int/3148-2-3-ecteg-12-tdt-ukraine/1680727f0b>
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#### **THEFT AS A CRIME**

The theme chosen by me, "Theft", is currently relevant. Since property crimes, including theft, constitute one of the most widespread and most dangerous groups of criminal acts, as they encroach upon one of the most valuable social benefits - the property right.

Theft is the most common crime committed in Ukraine. In this case, the detection rate of thefts is quite low.

Theft is defined as the secret theft of another's property. Crimes against property should be understood as intentional or reckless acts associated with a violation of the right of ownership or with other means of causing property damage to the owner or creating a threat of causing such damage.

A person who has attained the age of 14 may be the subject of a crime.

Theft crimes are crimes that involve the unauthorized taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive them of it permanently. In general, the crime occurs when someone takes and carries away someone else's property without permission and with the intent to permanently deprive the owner of it.

The term "theft crime" is used to represent different types of property crimes, including larceny, robbery, burglary, shoplifting and auto theft.

The most basic distinction between types of theft has to do with petty theft and grand theft.

Theft can be categorized as grand theft and therefore deemed a more serious offense for a variety of reasons. Depending on the jurisdiction, the crime might be called "first degree" theft.

Responsibility for petty theft is unlikely to be called harsh, since administrative liability does not actually contain really "severe" punishments, unlike the criminal one.

For petty theft provides for liability in the form - fine, correctional works, administrative arrest.

The main sign of theft is a secret way of committing it. Secretly - it means imperceptibly:

1) for the owner, possessor or guardian - in their absence, even in their presence, but when they do not notice or do not realize the fact of theft (due to different special circumstances);

2) for third parties (outsiders) who do not notice abduction or do not realize the essence of what is happening;

3) theft is considered to be secret even when it is observed and perceived by the attendants and persons involved in this crime.

### **Список використаних джерел**

1. Definition of a theft crime [Electronic resource]: Sevens Legal, APC. – Mode of access: <https://www.sevenslegal.com/criminal-attorney/definition-theft-crime/273/>. – Title from the screen.

2. Theft crimes: a survey under the Common Law and Modern Codes [Electronic resource]: A Project of National Paralegal College. – Mode of access: <https://lawshelf.com/shortvideoscontentview/theft-crimes-a-survey-under-the-common-law-and-modern-codes/>. – Title from the screen.

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### **PERSONAL DATE PROTECTION IN THE USA**

Providing internet access and support freedom of use of Internet resources is one of the indicators of the maturity of society and the quality of democratic institutions of the modern state. The spread of new technologies is gradually replacing conventional methods of communication, which, in turn, requires detailed legal regulation and is a modern problem globalized world.

Existence of the right to access the Internet, freedom no one denies the exchange of information in the modern world. On the other hand, given the risks involved, the threat