

Ol'khova T. O.

bread-winner of department of administrative law and process of the National academy of internal affairs

GENERAL THEORETIC FITTINGS TO FOR CONTROL-OBSERVANT FUNCTIONS OF THE STATE

Essence of state control is exposed. He is selected characteristic signs and constituents, which would enable to set individuality of the noted category, define a role and place among other near concepts, such, for example, as a supervision.

Keywords: state control, control-observant function of the state, supervision.

The term "control" in the science and practice is used quite often. It's hard to find the author, exploring issues of social control, which in one way or another would not touch the goals, objectives, functions, principles of control, competence, control bodies. Such frequent recourse to the concept of control forms the opinion that sufficient scrutiny essence of this concept.

However, this is not so. Analysis of the literature on administrative law and social management indicates that in determining the nature of control among scientists there is no unity. The authors define it in different ways: as a means of factor, shape, element, function, activity, system feedback condition, the controller, the guarantor, the phenomenon institute, method, legitimacy, attribute, etc..

These approaches are obviously not so much reflect the desire to give a universal formula for the concept of control, as is the result of the consideration of this phenomenon in the light of the interests of different scientific fields - philosophical, administrative, political, legal, computer science and others. Therefore, we can agree with the position of each author for his individual approach contains an element of large and capacious content, which is characteristic of the concept of "control". In this regard, it is important to avoid the temptation to produce a single multidimensional concept of control.

In the Dictionary of the Social Management control is defined as a test; observation to verify that all laws, regulations, administrative

decisions, etc. Thus, we can conclude that control in general - nothing like exercise management functions, the essence of which is to check, monitor, monitor a particular event.

Management function - is, according to, for example, G. Atamanchuk "real, forceful, purposeful, organizing and regulating effect on the controlled phenomenon, attitude, condition that they perceive and react to which". The functions of management as it relates following: organization, planning, management, staffing, control. The same opinion is shared by a number of foreign experts, eg, R. Falmer, C. Killen and others.

The control itself is not of primary activity, it applies to acts performed regardless of control. However, there is an independent control of working. Its essence is to monitor the compliance of controlled object the same manner that the object received from the governing body or official.

From the literal meaning of this definition that control is to observe and covers data collection and transmission of information to the competent authorities of the results of the control measures that are intended to identify the causes of deviations and identify ways to address them for the effective functioning of the public authorities. This formula defines "control activities".

When the main subject of public administration, for example, the President of Ukraine, the functions delegated to control structural units of its system, then there are specialized control bodies to whom the head of state, along with the responsibilities assigned to the control part and power, as defined in provisions on data authorities adopted the relevant decree.

The above can lead to the illusion that includes control and the ability of controllers to give binding instructions. Moreover, in cases where the supervisory authority is not vested with such powers, the idea of checking the presence of perceived deficiencies are reviewed as a signal to their troubleshooting without guidance from the primary regulator.