стандарту життєзабезпечення, то для осіб, які вчинили злочини, переважно притаманний свій індивідуальний рівень потреб, наприклад, намагання забезпечити себе всім необхідним для незалежного існування відповідно до свого соціального статусу.

HUMAN TREFFICKING IN THE WORLD ТОРГІВЛЯ ЛЮЛЬМИ В СВІТІ

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Human trafficking is one of the most flagrant and widespread violations of human rights and freedoms. The victims of contemporary forms of slavery around the world every year are millions of people [8].

Human trafficking can be defined in different ways. Thus, the Council of Europe gave the following definition: "Trafficking in human beings is an illegal act committed by a person who is directed or not directed induces a third country to go to a second country, through the use of fraud or other forms of violence or abuse by the dependent position of the individual or his administrative status" [7].

According to unofficial information in the world about 4 million people annually transported across borders for use in forced labour. In the modern slave trade even the states that escaped slave period in its history are involved. Trafficking in persons, especially women and children, is well organized transnational criminal business, closely related to such phenomena as prostitution, drug addiction and porn industry. Today's children are a lure for foreign pedophiles, porn producers and pimps.

Economic reasons lead to seek work abroad, also important factors are the lack of reliable information on employment opportunities and lack of knowledge of the victims rights. A key role in this process is played by the media. Speaking about the organization of the fight against human trafficking must first be

noted that almost every country has its criminal law and legal rules for trafficking in human beings [6].

We can distinguish the following reasons for trafficking:

- poor awareness of people for employment opportunities abroad and their consequences and low awareness about their rights;
- lack of adequate protection of victims;
- lack of punishment of criminals;
- absence or lack of parental care for children, parents use alcohol and drugs;
- expectation of financial assistance from a family member;
- self-esteem is too high or too low;
- desire to make a fantastic career, quickly, without any extra effort, to earn a lot of money and thirst for "beautiful life" [1].

The objectives of human trafficking can be divided into following forms:

- slavery, or practices similar to slavery and servitude;
- engaging in debt bondage;
- for sexual exploitation, use in the pornography business or prostitution;
 - forced marriage;
 - labour exploitation (forced labour);
 - begging;
 - removal of organs;
 - use in armed conflict;
 - involvement in criminal activity;
 - adoption for profit [3].

But the most popular forms are:

- sexual exploitation, a type of exploitation for prostitution.
- the use of pornography business, the actual use of human subjects for the creation of a pornographic nature, regardless of its role in this process [4].
- engaging in criminal activity associated with direct mental or physical effect on the person
- engaging in debt bondage, actually putting a person into a state of complete bondage of another person. The operation takes as long as a victim does not work out his/ her "duty" (in most cases -

the price that was paid for it and the costs associated with its maintenance).

- adoption for commercial purposes a clearance of special legal documents establishing parental care for children deprived of parental care, with a view to using them to generate revenue (in the begging, gambling session or for further agreements with them related to the actual transfer of ownership) [6].
- the use in armed conflicts for the performance of military tasks associated with the overthrow of the government or a violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of other states and so on.

In practice, human trafficking is done by performing a series of actions:

- Recruitment (usually it is made by means of bribery, fraud, theft, abuse of power or position dependent victims, threats or other type of coercion);
 - transportation to the host country;
- transfer (sale, exchange or other reimbursable grants or handing over "ownership" per person);
- exploitation (forced prostitution, use in the pornography business, engaging in criminal activity, etc.) [5].

According to UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund), the victims of trafficking every year are 1.2 million children.

According to the UN, people are being sold into slavery in 127 countries. 11 states are marked with "very high" level of activity of traffickers; among them are Russia, Ukraine, Belarus, Moldova and Lithuania. Ukraine is the leader by casualties in Eastern Europe. Ukraine serves both a country of destination (for migrants from Asia, Pakistan and India), and the country of origin and transit (Western Europe, the USA, Australia, Israel, and others) [2].

Conclusions:

Human trafficking is illegal trade in human beings for the purposes of commercial sexual exploitation or forced labor, it's a modern form of slavery.

Human trafficking in the majority of cases involves well organized criminal groups, transnational in nature, that commit these crimes and go unpunished almost from the practical point of view. The problem is that the investigation and detection of such crimes is almost impossible. Transnational crime has developed a well

established mechanism of trafficking in which the movement of "human goods" is extremely difficult to trace.

Therefore, one of the most important problems in international politics is getting rid of the phenomenon of human trafficking, which requires the close cooperation of many countries to help eradicate the problem, or to limit it as much as possible.

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СУЧАСНИЙ СТАН ЕКОНОМІЧНОЇ ЗЛОЧИННОСТІ В УКРАЇНІ

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Реалізація закріпленого в Конституції України суспільного ідеалу: демократичної, правової, соціальної держави, яка за умов громадянського суспільства забезпечує індивідуальну свободу, політичний, економічний та ідеологічний плюралізм, значною мірою залежить від усунення загроз соціальній безпеці, найбільш небезпечними з яких є правопорушення в сфері економіки.