

Piła, Greater Poland Voivodeship - Piła Police School (Szkola Policji w Pile)

Ślupsk, Pomeranian Voivodeship - Ślupsk Police School (Szkola Policji w Ślupsku)

Katowice, Silesian Voivodeship - Katowice Police School (Szkola Policji w Katowicach)

Legionowo, Masovian Voivodeship - Police Training Centre (Centrum Szkolenia Policji)

The final police-training establishment in Poland is the Wyższa Szkola Policji or Higher Police School in Szczytno (Warmian-Masurian Voivodeship). This school was founded in 1954 as the officer academy of the Milicja Obywatelska, renamed in 1972 to the Higher Militia School, the college finally became the Higher Police School upon Poland's return to liberal democracy in 1990. [4]

Since then it has remained the only establishment in the country certified to run courses for commissioned officers of the Polish police, and the officer's commissioning course. All students who attend the Higher Police School are expected to study criminal, constitutional and economic law. In addition to academic studies, officer candidates are trained in modern policing techniques, weapons' handling, and informatics. The college has numerous links with senior police academies in Europe and throughout the wider world.

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TRAINING EXPERIENCE OF POLICE OFFICERS IN THE USA AND THEIR IMPLEMENTATION IN UKRAINE

Nowadays Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine is under reform conditions and requires the using of world experience in training police officers. Many countries have a profound experience and knowledge in

training really good specialists in this sphere. The exchange of these developments and skills is an important part of improving the systems of Internal Affairs in general.

A good example for imitation is the United States of America and its police system. Police academies exist in every state and at the federal level. Each state has an agency, which certifies police academies and their programs.

Most states have minimum physical and academic standards for cadets to achieve before they can enter an academy and graduate. There may be additional or higher standards required for later certification as a police officer. While some states allow open enrollment in police academies, many require cadets to be hired by a police department in order to attend. Departments and/or state certifying agencies may also require individuals to pass background checks, psychological evaluations, polygraph exams, drug screenings and qualify with a firearm and demonstrate driving skills, as conditions of employment/certification.

Initial police academy training and education develop the minds, career goals, and attitudes of future police officers that will be in charge of law enforcement and social order. Academy training includes classes in firearms, first aid, criminal law, emergency vehicle operations, defensive tactics, physical fitness and report writing.

The length of time required completing academy training averaged 21 weeks. Once you graduate from the police academy you might get to wear the badge and carry a gun, but your training is not over. Most police department's pair newly minted officers with a more experienced partner to continue their on-the-job training.

Steps to becoming a police officer in the USA:

Obtain high school diploma or GED. Getting a high school diploma or GED is the minimum formal education requirement for most police officers. Many law enforcement organizations may require or prefer applicants with a bachelor's degree, associate's degree or a certain number of postsecondary education credits.

Meet other minimum requirements. Most applicants will need to be a US citizen, have a valid driver's license and be at least 18 or 21 years old, depending on department policy. Applicants will also need a clean criminal record, although some police departments may allow those with criminal records as long as their offences were very minor. Felonies will disqualify someone from this profession.

Obtain a Bachelor's degree (optional). A bachelor's degree is usually needed for more advanced law enforcement positions, especially those at the federal level, such as with the FBI or US Fish and Wildlife Service. Even if

it's not required, police departments are increasingly beginning to look favorably on applicants with college degrees.

Pass the law enforcement entrance exam. Before being admitted into a police academy, applicants must achieve a passing score on an entrance exam. The exact entrance exam taken will depend on the police academy and jurisdiction. Some of the tests given include Asset, Compass and LEE (Law Enforcement Examination).

Graduate the police academy. The police academy is where applicants receive the most important training that will allow them to serve as police officers.

Training can last six months with a curriculum covering topics such as search and seizure, criminal statutes, traffic laws, firearms training, driver training and physical conditioning.

Work toward a promotion. Depending on the department, moving up the ranks depends on level of experience; performance reviews, scoring well on a written promotion exam and obtaining additional skills and training. Pay increases with a promotion, but so does the level of responsibility and potential bureaucracy.

The reform of the Ministry of Internal Affairs was started in April 2015. Today, the keynote to the reform of the Ministry of Internal Affairs is clear and concrete steps. The Ministry of Internal Affairs is a multidisciplinary, service-oriented, civilian agency of the European model, which forms a law-enforcement and security policy.

The Ministry of Internal Affairs became the first ministry with complete rejection of the functions of direct implementation of state policy and impossibility to influence the activities of practical units.

New divisions were created:

National Police of Ukraine, National Guard of Ukraine, State Service of Ukraine for Emergencies, Service Centers of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. A patrol police, a special unit of the KORD (Operational and Action Corps), is an analogue of the American S.W.A.T. Road police and cyber police were launched.

The reform of the State Migration Service and the State Border Guard Service of Ukraine was launched. The main result is the receipt of visa-free regime by Ukraine with 32 countries of the European Union. In recent years, active reform of the police authorities has taken place in Ukraine.

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FOREIGN LANGUAGE TRAINING OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AND LAWYERS

Being a police officer is a meaningful and impactful way to serve a community. Becoming a police officer doesn't rely heavily on formal education; in fact, a high school diploma is often the minimum formal education required. An associate's, bachelor's or graduate degree is rarely mandatory. Instead, extensive and specialized training is required. This training is often provided by police academies on the local, regional or state level.

So why get a law enforcement degree? Two reasons: Potential higher pay and better advancement opportunities.

Most local police forces require officer candidates to hold at least a high school diploma or equivalent. Some also require a certain amount of postsecondary education. For example, the Memphis Police Department requires candidates to have an associate's degree or a minimum of 54 semester hours of college credit, although the educational requirement is waived for applicants who were honorably discharged after at least two years of military service.

Getting hired as a cop isn't as simple as filling out an application and having an interview with the human resources department. The application process can be stringent and time consuming. For example, the process at the Philadelphia Police Department includes the application, reading exam, physical fitness test, drug screen, background check, and medical and psychological evaluations before you are accepted into the training program. The San Diego Police Department requires candidates to submit a completed application. Once you submit the application, the City of San Diego testing center processes it within 7 to 10 days. Only after the application is processed will the candidate be allowed to take the city's written test. The SDPD's hiring process usually takes about three to four months.