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GENDER ISSUES AMONG LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

Law enforcement agencies play an important role in society, they are responsible for maintaining peace and order, ensuring that the rule of law is respected and that they fulfill their duties taking into account the interests of citizens and with respect to them.

As law enforcement authorities are responsible for maintenance of public peace and defense of population, it is necessary to understand and remove all threats of safety, arising up before an association they serve that, realizing here, that violence and discrimination, that men and women are exposed to, strongly differ both on kinds and on the degree of weight. For example, in regard to men committed the crime, mainly, in public places, and crimes in regard to women, such as domestic violence, often take place in private apartments on that, in the opinion of many state institutes, their plenary powers do not spread.

The term "gender" is designate specific roles, relations, personality lines, options, styles of behavior and vital values that society adds to the men and women. Consequently, "gender" designates the artificially set distinctions between men and women unlike the term "sex" that designates biological distinctions between the individuals of the sex of men and women.

Gender roles differ in a considerable variety both in different cultures and into one culture and can change in time. "Gender" designates not simply men and women, but also relations between them.

We live in a world in which violence on gender soil takes place against will man and is base on the socially conditioned (gender) distinctions between women and men. To them, it is possible to take: violence in the family, trading in people with the purpose of sexual exploitation, sexual violence, and others. Many women link their life with law enforcement authorities because of outlived violence on itself.

It is a well-known fact that, in the United States and Western Europe, research into contemporary issues with women's law enforcement was initiated in the early 1980s by gender trends in employment and skilled management. From the outset, they were directed to increase the number of women in police units. Moreover, in 1995, in New-Mexico, a project was launched called the "New workplace for Women", which attracted the majority of women to the service.

The single standards of physical preparation were set for women and men, a practical worker proved that the set standards fell short of to the features of woman anatomy. Accordingly, changes happened in the complex of tests for

women on physical endurance and introductions of the special training courses allowing the women to increase the force of overhead part of the body and active volume of lungs.

Less height and weight, an inclination of offenders to scorn to women, the existence of certain complications at the application of weapon and physical force is done women potentially vulnerable if they appear in a conflict situation during the execution of service. It was set that at the less physical force of women more often than men decide conflict situations, also better conduct official documentation.

The public, in general, tend to believe that the wide bringing in of women to work in the organs of law and order is the key to the substantial reduction of violence from the side of these organs in relation to citizens.

The Ukrainian serial "Who are you?" can be a good example of this theme. In a serial, a girl is shown as a psychotherapist, which helps the department to understand psycho-types of criminals. She can tell a great deal about people that stepped over a line: their age, their fascinations, that they think. She thinks like a criminal. The first time did not nobody a girl perceives seriously, "she in fact girl, how can she understand a criminal and help to go out on him?". As a result, with every series to men listened yet more and exposed crimes.

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SPECIFIC FEATURES OF POLICE INTERROGATION IN THE USA AND UKRAINE

Modern interrogation is a study in human nature. Most of us are more likely to talk to people who appear to be like us. Once we start talking, it's hard for us to stop. Once we start telling the truth, it's harder to start lying. When a police officer tells us our fingerprints were found on the inside doorknob of a home that was robbed two days ago, we get nervous, even if we wore gloves the whole time we were inside [1].

The specifics of interrogation in the United States depend on the state, but the main provisions are defined at the federal level by the US Constitution and federal laws. In addition, US intelligence services are suspected of illegal interrogations and torture in Guantanamo Bay, Iraq. At the same time, there are known cases of bringing servicemen to justice for violating the Code of Military Justice, according to which torture is a federal war crime and has no statute of limitations.

In the United States, police interrogations are conducted under an adversarial system, in which the police seek to obtain material that will aid in convicting a suspect rather than discovering the facts of the case. To this end, a variety of tactics are employed:

- Tactics. Police interrogations in the United States involve the suspect voluntarily giving information when being questioned. Police use